Embracing Optometry & Vision Plans: Creating a Successful MD/OD Business Model
Part I

JILL MAHER, MA, COE
MAHER MEDICAL PRACTICE CONSULTING, LLC

Disclosure

- I have no relevant financial relationships with the manufacturers of any commercial products and/or provider of commercial services discussed in this CME activity.
- I do not intend to discuss an unapproved use of a commercial product/device in my presentation.

Objectives

- Challenges faced by Ophthalmology Practices
- What Can an Optometrist Bring to the Table?
- Searching for the "Right" Optometrist
- How to Successfully Transition the New Optometrist to the "Medical Team"
- Case Study – Rural Indiana
- Opportunity – Win/Win/Win

Challenges Faced by Ophthalmologists

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Challenges</th>
<th>Solutions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Decreasing reimbursement</td>
<td>* Reimbursement is the same for an OD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>* An OD can help increase business in the optical</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increasing Managed Care</td>
<td>* An OD can see patients with capitated contracts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>* An OD can help increase efficiency &amp; decrease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>costs to appeal to ACOs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influx of baby booming seniors</td>
<td>* Allows MD to see more surgical patients</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>* An OD can provide routine eye care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Rules and Regulations by CMS</td>
<td>* An OD can help manage implementation of EHR,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EHR, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hiring and training good staff</td>
<td>* An OD can train technicians and create training</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>program</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An Optometrist Can Address These Challenges:

- Optometrists are licensed doctors.
- They can prescribe topical medications.
- In most states Optometrists can prescribe systemic medications.
- They require less staffing = less cost.
- Optometrists can help increase optical and contact lens revenue.
- Optometrists can share call.
- Optometrists can diagnose and treat eye diseases.
- Optometrists do not perform surgery, but they can insert plugs and perform minor procedures.
Do You Need an OD or an MD?

- Is the MD scheduled too far out?
- Would the MD like more surgical cases?
- Does the practice have an optical?
- Does the MD have too many routine and/or contact lens patients?
- Would the practice like to increase optical and contact lens sales?

Searching for the “Right” Optometrist

- Optometrist
- Ophthalmologist

Who is the “Right” Optometrist?

- Varies by practice needs.
- An Optometrist who is passionate about diagnosing and treating pathology.
- 5th Year residency trained.
- VA experience = pathology.
- Willing to help train technicians and staff.
- A few years of experience can be helpful.

- Caveat: Do NOT overlook candidates with experience from optical retailers.

What is the Financial Commitment?

- Average Optometrist starting salary $83,000 - $110,000*
  - Base salary for a General Ophthalmologist is around $150,000 - $200,000 - According to salary.com $225,000 - $307,000** (May include subspecialties)
- Bonus
  - Threshold is usually 2-3 times base salary
  - 20%-25% of net collections above threshold
- Malpractice insurance for an Optometrist is about $800/year Vs. $15,000-$20,000 for an MD

Bonus Example

- $90,000 salary, 20% bonus
- $400,000 net collections
- $320,000 above threshold
- $130,000 X 20% = $26,000 Bonus

Income Allocation

- Why is income allocation needed for Optometrists?
- Allocate for the following services:
  - Rx Checks ($25-$35)
  - Post Op Patients ($20-$50)
  - Professional Courtesy Exams for employees or family ($45-$65)
  - Capitation contracts - allocated by RVUs

Optometrist Bonus in Optical

- How common is an optical bonus?
- Is the optical under the same tax ID as the practice?
- 3-8% of optical production
Financial Opportunity for the Practice

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Patients per hour</th>
<th>3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Days per week (7 hour days)</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weeks worked</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Revenue per Encounter</td>
<td>$90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Revenue</td>
<td>$425,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optometrist Salary + Bonus (Assumes $100k + 20%)</td>
<td>$125,050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practice Opportunity</td>
<td>$300,200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What is NOT included?
- Additional revenue from cataract and refractive referrals.
- Additional revenue in the optical and contact lens departments.

How to Successfully Transition the New Optometrist to the “Medical Team”

Don’t Rush!

- Need at least 3-6 months for preparations.
- Credentialing – Gather the necessary licensing/provider numbers.
  - Credentialing with Medicare takes about 14+ days.
  - Credentialing with other insurance companies and hospitals could take up to 6 months.
- Clinic space – Depending on the patient volume, Optometrists will need at least 1 exam lane. Waiting up patients alone = 2 patients per hour. Technician support = 3-4 patient exams per hour.
- Have the Optometrist get involved with creating a lane, especially if he/she will be managing contact lenses.

Set Realistic Expectations

- How many patients do you expect your new Optometrist to see each year? Month? Day? Hour?
- How many support staff will the new Optometrist have in clinic? Technicians? Scribe?
- What do you expect for an optical capture rate?
- Do you expect the Optometrist to train technicians?
- Communicate, communicate, communicate

Create a Transition Plan Before the Start Date

- Schedule observations – Clinic and surgery.
- Work together to create a patient schedule.
- Promote the new doctor – create a bio and credentialing statement.
- Utilize the new doctor’s bio on the website, print advertising, patient newsletter, staff email, etc.
- Conduct training on BHR, CPT coding, ICD10 coding, telephones, etc.
- Plan a dinner or reception to introduce the new doctor to staff and/or the community.
- Schedule small lunches with referring physicians.

Sample Credentialing Statements

- Dr. Smith is a board certified Optometrist with a special interest in dry eye. In addition to practicing full scope optometry, Dr. Smith specializes in refractive clinical care and in teen, adolescent, and sports vision.
- Dr. Jones is a medically trained Optometrist with more than 10 years experience treating patients of all ages. Her areas of interest are in general eye care, traumatic brain injury involving visual dysfunction, diabetic eye disease, and clinical research.
Transition After the Start Date

- Telephone Mystery Shopping.
- Provide customer service training and introduce new Optometrist.
- Have Optometrist educate the staff on his/her training, expertise, passion, etc.
- Ophthalmologist should be present to make introduction and support new doctor.
- Utilize flip chart to write what new patients should be scheduled with established MD vs. new OD.
- Optometrist should have a follow-up meeting to educate staff on new procedure/s.
- Optometrist should also provide staff eye exams so they become comfortable with ability and knowledge of OD.
- Schedule weekly meetings with the senior Ophthalmologist, new Optometrist and Administrator to make sure expectations are being met.

Flip Chart Example

- Dr. Ophthalmologist
  - Cataract Patients
  - Premium IOL Patients
  - Complex Glaucoma Patients
  - LASIK Patients
  - Post Op within 24 hours
  - Emergency Visits (post-Surgery)
  - Flashes and floaters

- Dr. Optometrist
  - Complete Eye Exams
  - Post Op Patients after 24 hours
  - Glaucoma Suspect Patients
  - Rx Checks
  - Staff Professional courtesy exams
  - Contact Lens Fitting/Issues
  - Emergency Visits (red eyes/dry eyes/swollen eyes)
  - Children Eye Exams

Medicare Billing Code of Federal Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title 42, Section 424.535 (a)(7)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>§ 424.535 Revocation of enrollment and billing privileges in the Medicare program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Reasons for revocation. CMS may revoke a currently enrolled provider or supplier’s Medicare billing privileges and any corresponding provider agreement or supplier agreement for the following reasons:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(7) Misuse of billing number. The provider or supplier knowingly sells to or allows another individual or entity to use its Medicare billing number. This does not include those providers or suppliers who enter into a valid reassignment of benefits as specified in §424.80 or a change of ownership as outlined in § 489.18 of this chapter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Case Study: Rural Indiana

- Location: Rural Indiana.
- Very difficult location to find an Optometrist.
- Practice has 1 location with 2 Ophthalmologists and 1 Optometrist recently moved after 5 years being with the practice.
- Administrator searched for months before finding the right OD.
- Opportunity:
  - Last OD was a low producer with just 1-2 patients per hour. Sporadic technician support.
  - No bonus structure based on production.
  - Did not provide any income allocation for all the post-ops (1675 x $30 = $50,250)
  - Total net collections by the OD was just $325,000 after 5 years of practice.

- New Optometrist and husband moved to the area and are thrilled.
- Transition period included:
  - OD observing both MDS
  - Staff training on Customer Service, her training, passion, and a list of what patient types should be scheduled with MD vs. OD.
  - Each employee receives their annual vision exam with OD.
  - Staff feels more confident in her abilities and understands how to schedule patients with her.
  - OD provided with consistent technician support
  - Created bonus structure at 20% above threshold of 3x annual salary.
  - OD receives $30 revenue allocation for every post-op seen.
  - OD sees 4+ patients per hour
  - Production after 6 months is $240,000 - tracking at $480,000 for her first year.

Opportunity Win/Win/Win!
What is the Opportunity for MD?
- Increased surgical patients
- See more pathology
- Increase revenue per patient encounter
- See less routine exams, dry eye, contact lens patients, etc.

WIN!

What is the Opportunity for Staff?
- Help train technicians.
- Create training program and help certify technical staff.
- Assist with interviewing new technicians and assess skillset before hiring.
- Provide eye exams for all staff while educating them on clinical aspects.
- Act as a resource for staff when patients call in with clinical questions - OD can provide more immediate answers.

WIN!

What is the Opportunity for OD?
- Treat patients with medical problems.
- More diversified patient base - age, pathology, etc.
- Be part of the "medical team".
- Work with top notch technology.
- Greater support from having a larger staff and MD resource.
- Better work hours - rare to have evenings and weekends in a medical practice.

WIN!

Summary
- Hire the "Right" Optometrist who has a 5th year residency and wants to diagnose and treat a variety of diseases.
- Don’t exclude interviewing ODs who are currently working at an optical chain.
- Prepare the practice - make sure you have ample time to credential, train and transition the new Optometrist.
- Train the staff so they are confident in the Optometrist’s ability to see all types of patients.
- Credential and include the Optometrist as part of the "Medical Team."
- Follow up on a consistent basis with Optometrist and staff to ensure a successful transition!

Thank you!

Jill Maher, MA, COE
Principal Consultant, Owner
Maher Medical Practice Consulting, LLC
mahermedicalpractice@gmail.com